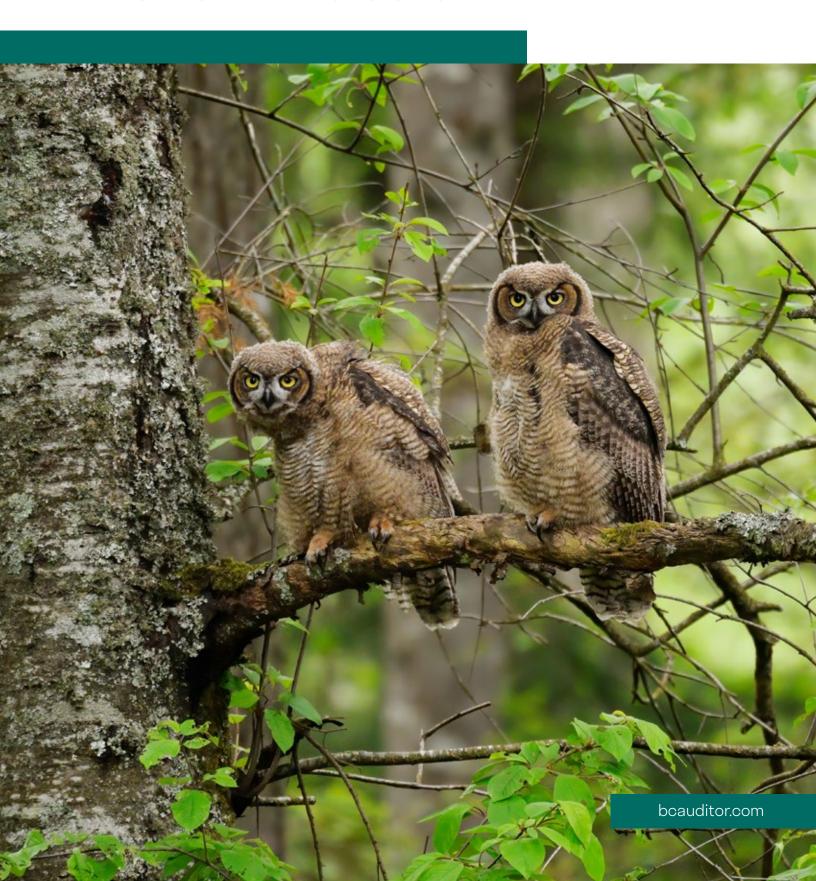


FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2019/20



STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

The accompanying financial statements of the Office of the Auditor General are the responsibility of management.

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Financial statements are not precise, since they include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. When alternative accounting methods exist, management has chosen those it considers most appropriate in the circumstances to ensure that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

We have developed and maintain systems of internal control that give reasonable assurance that the office has:

- operated within its authorized limits
- safeguarded assets
- kept complete and accurate financial records

The Select Standing Committee on Finance and Government Services of the Legislative Assembly appointed BDO Canada, Chartered Professional Accountants, to audit the accounts of the office for the year ended March 3l, 2020.

Russ Jones, FCPA, FCA, ICD.D

Acting Auditor General

Kun Jones

John McNeill, CPA, CA

Manager, Finance and Administration

EXTERNAL AUDITOR'S OPINION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Tel: 604-688-5421 Fax: 604-688-5132 vancouver@bdo.ca BDO Canada LLP 600 Cathedral Place 925 West Georgia Street Vancouver BC V6C 3L2 Canada

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Speaker of The Legislative Assembly, Province of British Columbia

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Office of the Auditor General of British Columbia (the "Office"), which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at March 31, 2020, the Statements of Operations, Changes in Net Debt and Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Office as at March 31, 2020, and the results of its operations, changes in net debt, and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally-accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of this report. We are independent of the Office in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-$

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Office's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Office or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

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Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Office's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to
 events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Office's ability to continue as a going
 concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in
 our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures
 are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained
 up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Office
 to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Vancouver, British Columbia June 19, 2020

OUR FINANCES

Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2020 (in \$000s)	Note	2020	2019
Financial assets	12.50		
Petty cash		2	2
Due from Consolidated Revenue Fund	3	-	111
Total financial assets	-	2	113
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		374	469
Due to Consolidated Revenue Fund	3	82	-
Total liabilities	- -	456	469
Net debt	-	(454)	(356)
Non-financial assets			
Tangible capital assets	4	828	951
Prepaid expenses	5	454	356
Total non-financial assets	-	1,282	1,307
Net assets	6	828	951

Approved by:

Russ Jones, FCPA, FCA, ICD.D

Acting Auditor General

John McNeill, CPA, CA

Manager, Finance and Administration

Contractual obligations (note 10)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Operations

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 (in \$000s)	Note	202	20	2019
()	7	Budget	Actual	Actual
Operations		5		
Revenue				
Operating appropriation		18,216	17,437	17,219
Expenses				
Audit services	11	18,216	17,437	17,219
Net result of operations			-	
Capital				
Revenue				
Capital appropriation		185	156	245
Expenses				
Purchase of tangible capital assets		185	156	245
Net result of capital		-	-	_

Statement of Changes in Net Debt

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 (in \$000s)	2020	2019
Acquisition of prepaid expenses	(454)	(356)
Use of prepaid expenses	356	316
	(98)	(40)
Increase in net debt	(98)	(40)
Net debt at beginning of year	(356)	(316)
Net debt at end of year	(454)	(356)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 (in \$000s)	Note	2020	2019
Operating transactions			
Paid to employees		(12,918)	(12,625)
Paid to suppliers		(4,434)	(4,265)
Miscellaneous receipts	9	14	8
Cash used in operations	_	(17,338)	(16,882)
Capital transactions			
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(156)	(245)
Appropriation for tangible capital assets		156	245
		<u> </u>	-
Financing activities			
Current year appropriation		17,145	16,921
(Decrease) in due from Consolidated Revenue Fund		(193)	(39)
Due from Consolidated Revenue Fund, beginning of ye	ear	111	72
Due (to)/from Consolidated Revenue Fund, end of year	ar	(82)	111

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended March 31, 2020 (tabular amounts in \$000s)

1. Nature of operations

The auditor general is an Officer of the Legislature of British Columbia appointed under the *Auditor General Act*. The *Auditor General Act*, amended March 13, 2013, allows for the appointment of an auditor general for a single eight-year term by the legislative assembly. Non-partisan, objective and independent of the government of the day, the auditor general provides impartial assessments of government accountability and performance to the assembly.

The auditor general's mandate is established by the *Auditor General Act*. The act requires the auditor general to audit the government's annual Summary Financial Statements and allows the auditor general to be appointed as the financial statement auditor of any government organization or trust fund. The act also allows the auditor general to carry out examinations focusing on, among other things, whether government or a government organization is operating economically, efficiently and effectively; and whether the accountability information provided to the legislative assembly by the government or a government organization with respect to the results of its programs is adequate.

Funding for the operation of the Office of the Auditor General (the office) comes from a voted appropriation (Vote 2) of the legislative assembly.

2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

a) Legislative appropriations

The office is funded by the legislative assembly through a voted appropriation. The vote provides separately for operating expenses and capital acquisitions. Any unused appropriation cannot be carried forward for use in subsequent years.

b) Financial instruments

It is management's opinion that the office is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risk arising from these instruments.

A statement of remeasurement gains and losses has not been prepared as there are no such gains or losses.

c) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation begins when the assets are put into use and is recorded on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Computer hardware and software 3 years
Mainframe hardware and software 5 years
Furniture and equipment 5 years

Tenant improvements Term of lease (20 years)

d) Employee future benefits

i) Pension benefits

All eligible employees participate in a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. Defined contribution plan accounting has been applied to the plan, as the office has insufficient information to apply defined benefit plan accounting. Accordingly, the office's contributions are expensed in the year in which the services are rendered and represent its total pension obligation.

ii) Other future benefits

Eligible employees are entitled to post-employment health care and other benefits as provided under terms of employment or collective agreements. The cost of these benefits is recorded as employees render the services necessary to earn them.

iii) Leave liability

Eligible employees are entitled to accumulate earned, unused vacation and other eligible leave entitlements as provided under terms of employment or collective agreements. The liability for the leave is managed and held by the BC Public Service Agency.

e) Measurement uncertainty

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with PSAS, which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets are the most significant items for which estimates are used. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed annually, and as adjustments become necessary they are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which they become known.

3. Due (to)/from the Consolidated Revenue Fund

The office does not have its own bank account or hold cash or cash equivalents. All monetary transactions of the office are processed through the Consolidated Revenue Fund (CRF) of the Province of British Columbia. This balance is reflective of differences in the timing of events that obligate the office, and therefore the CRF, to distribute funds and the receipt of the benefit from disbursing those funds.

	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Balance, beginning of year	111	72
Cash provided for operations	17,145	16,921
Cash provided from miscellaneous receipts	14	8
Cash provided for the acquisition of tangible capital assets	156	245
	17,426	17,246
Expenses during year		
Paid to employees	(12,918)	(12,625)
Paid to suppliers	(4,434)	(4,265)
Paid for the acquisition of tangible capital assets	(156)	(245)
	(17,508)	(17,135)
Balance, end of year	(82)	

4. Tangible capital assets

	Computer hardware and software	Mainframe hardware and software	Furniture and equipment	Tenant improvements	Total
Year ended March 31, 2019					
Opening net book value	216	316	149	314	995
Additions	84	151	10	-	245
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	(113)	(93)	(64)	(19)	(289)
Closing net book value	187	374	95	295	951
At March 31, 2019					
Cost	727	828	601	370	2,526
Accumulated depreciation	(540)	(454)	(506)	(75)	(1,575)
Net book value	187	374	95	295	951
Year ended March 31, 2020)				
Opening net book value	187	374	95	295	951
Additions	106	49	1	-	156
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	(100)	(111)	(49)	(19)	(279)
Closing net book value	193	312	47	276	828
At March 31, 2020					
Cost	833	877	602	370	2,682
Accumulated depreciation	(640)	(565)	(555)	(94)	(1,854)
Net book value	193	312	47	276	828

5. Prepaid expenses

	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Other	24	15
Software and hardware maintenance	303	210
Rent	127	131
Total	454	356

6. Net asset balance

The net asset balance represents tangible capital assets that have been funded through appropriations.

7. Voted, unused and used appropriation

The office receives approval from the legislative assembly to spend funds through an appropriation that includes two components—operating and capital. Any unused appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end.

The budget for expenses shown on the Statement of Operations includes depreciation of capital assets and is based on the budgeted expenses that the Select Standing Committee on Finance and Government Services approved on December 19, 2018.

The following table compares the office's actual expenditures with the approved appropriations.

	2020		2019	
	Operating	Capital	Operating	Capital
Appropriation (Vote 2)	18,216	185	17,666	250
Total operating expenses	(17,437)	-	(17,219)	-
Capital acquisitions		(156)	-	(245)
Unused appropriation	779	29	447	5

8. Employee future benefits

The office and all eligible employees contribute to the Public Service Pension Plan, a multi-employer, defined benefit, and joint trusteeship plan, established for certain British Columbia public service employees. The British Columbia Pension Corporation administers the plan, including payments of pension benefits to eligible employees. A board of trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits.

The plan is contributory, and its basic benefits are based on years of service and average earnings at retirement. Under joint trusteeship, the risks and rewards associated with the plan's unfunded liability or surplus is shared between the employers and the plan members and will be reflected in their future contributions.

Every three years an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the pension plan and the adequacy of the funding. The latest actuarial valuation as at March 31, 2017, reported that the fund was 108% funded. There were no significant changes to the benefits plan during the year.

Expenses related to employee future benefits incurred during the year were \$905,562.

9. Miscellaneous receipts

Miscellaneous receipts include the repayment of funds to the office for expenditures made by employees and suppliers.

10. Contractual obligations

The office leases three multifunction devices and two photocopiers under agreements that terminate in June 2023.

The office entered into a 20-year lease agreement for newly built office space, commencing November 1, 2014. The total future minimum lease payments for the duration of the lease are \$20.8 million.

Future minimum payments for each of the next five years under the terms of the commitments, as of March 31, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal year	Commitment
2020/21	1,524
2021/22	1,524
2022/23	1,516
2023/24	1,514
2024/25	1,514
Total	7,592

11. Audit services

Classification of audit service expenses by object:

	202	20	2019
	Budget	Actual	Actual
Salaries and benefits	12,912	12,890	12,684
Occupancy costs	1,455	1,504	1,443
Professional services	1,339	1,156	1,130
Office expenses	760	469	514
Travel	725	541	536
Information technology	675	528	517
Depreciation	280	279	288
Research grants	70	70	107
	18,216	17,437	17,219

12. Related party transactions

The office is related as a result of common ownership to all Province of British Columbia ministries, agencies and Crown corporations, and all other public sector entities. Transactions with entities are recorded on an accrual basis and are considered to be in the normal course of business and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

13. Subsequent events

Since March 31, 2020, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the world and here in British Columbia. Many businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. The provincial government and its entities have experienced similar disruptions. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantine, social distancing and closures of non-essential services, have triggered significant disruptions, resulting in an economic slowdown. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions. Going forward, the office will still be able to meet its mandate despite these disruptions; however, the ways in which it completes its work to meet that mandate during COVID-19 will be different.

The office has determined that these events are non-adjusting subsequent events. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, have not been adjusted to reflect their impact. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the office in future periods.



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This report and others are available at our website, which also contains further information about the office.

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