

British Columbia Coroners Service



OFFICE OF THE
Auditor General
of British Columbia

Background

The BC Coroners Service is responsible for:

- Investigating approximately 7,500 unnatural, sudden and unexpected, unexplained or unattended deaths in BC each year
- Conducting public inquests into deaths that occur in the care or control of a police officer
- Reviewing all deaths of children under the age of 19



Purpose of the audit

To determine whether the BC Coroners Service is:

- meeting its legislated mandate
- conducting death investigations, inquests and death reviews that result in timely and accurate findings
- monitoring the impact of its recommendations and public reports in terms of improved public safety and the prevention of deaths



Overall Conclusion

- The BCCS is meeting its core mandate as defined in the *Coroners Act*.
- Death investigations, inquests and death reviews are meeting expectations for accuracy, but are not always timely.
- The BCCS monitors responses to its recommendations, but does not evaluate the impact of its recommendations and public reports.



BCCS Mandate

We found:

- BCCS is meeting its core legislated mandate: investigating sudden and unexpected deaths, holding inquests, and reviewing all child deaths
- the *Coroners Act* implies a broader public safety role for the BCCS
- the extent to which the agency should focus on public safety and death prevention has not been defined in a strategic plan
- the public's expectations of the BCCS often differ from the legislated mandate



BCCS Mandate

We recommend that the BC Coroners Service:

- Develop a strategic plan, endorsed by ministry executive, that defines the service's role in preventing deaths and supporting public safety and includes strategies for fulfilling that role
- Develop a communications strategy as a component of its strategic plan
- Prepare, and make public, an annual service plan and an annual report that follows the BC Reporting Principles



Quality of investigations

We found:

- Sufficient and appropriate evidence is gathered by investigating coroners to support their findings and conclusions
- Death investigations, inquests and death reviews are not always meeting expectations for timeliness
- There is no plan for maintaining and developing coroner expertise, including a lack of ongoing training for coroners
- The community coroner staffing model is not supporting the long-term effectiveness of the BCCS



Quality of investigations

We recommend that the BC Coroners Service:

- Include performance targets for the timeliness of investigations and reviews in its service plan and then report actual performance in its annual report
- Include in its strategic plan strategies for maintaining and developing the coroner expertise required to meet the service's mandate
- Review the community coroner staffing model and explore options that can better support the long-term effectiveness of the BC CS



Independence

We found:

- Coroners maintain the independence necessary to ensure unbiased conclusions and recommendations
- Coroners maintain the necessary independence when reporting the results of death investigations and inquests
- Current ministry administrative requirements have created risks to the operational independence of the BCCS



Independence

We recommend that the Chief Coroner and ministry executive:

- confirm and document the authority and operational independence of the BCCS, review this agreement annually, and report to the minister any potential risks to operational independence



Impact on public safety

We found :

- Coroner and jury recommendations are distributed in a timely manner
- BCCS does not have the legislative authority to ensure recommendations are implemented, but it proactively monitors responses to coroner and jury recommendations
- The BCCS does not monitor the impact of its recommendations on improving public safety and preventing deaths



Impact on public safety

We recommend that the BC Coroners Service:

- Include in its strategic plan strategies for using data and trend analysis to identify risks to public safety, inform activities to improve public safety, and measure the impact of recommendations

